

# Running JUnit Test 3 on Incorrect Implementation



```
public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {  
    if (value == Counter.MAX_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value++; }  
}
```

```
1  @Test  
2  public void testIncFromMaxValue() {  
3      Counter c = new Counter();  
4      try {  
5          c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();  
6      }  
7      catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
8          fail("ValueTooLargeException was thrown unexpectedly.");  
9      }  
10     assertEquals(Counter.MAX_VALUE, c.getValue());  
11     try {  
12         c.increment();  
13         fail("ValueTooLargeException was NOT thrown as expected.");  
14     }  
15     catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
16         /* Do nothing: ValueTooLargeException thrown as expected. */  
17     }  
18 }
```

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```
public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {  
    if (value == Counter.MAX_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value++; }  
}
```

```
1  @Test  
2  public void testIncFromMaxValue() {  
3      Counter c = new Counter();  
4      try {  
5          c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();  
6      }  
7      catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
8          fail("ValueTooLargeException was thrown unexpectedly.");  
9      }  
10     assertEquals(Counter.MAX_VALUE, c.getValue());  
11     try {  
12         c.increment();  
13         fail("ValueTooLargeException was NOT thrown as expected.");  
14     }  
15     catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
16         /* Do nothing: ValueTooLargeException thrown as expected. */  
17     }  
18 }
```

## Exercise: Console Tester vs. JUnit Test

Q. Can this *console tester* work like the *JUnit test* testIncFromMaxValue does?

```
1 public class CounterTester {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
8         }
9         catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
10            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");
11        }
12        try {
13            c.increment();
14            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");
15        } /* end of inner try */
16        catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
17            println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");
18        }
19    } /* end of main method */
20 } /* end of CounterTester class */
```

Hint:

## Exercise: Combining `catch` Blocks?

Q: Can we rewrite `testIncFromMaxValue` to:

```
1  @Test
2  public void testIncFromMaxValue() {
3      Counter c = new Counter();
4      try {
5          c.increment();
6          c.increment();
7          c.increment();
8          assertEquals(Counter.MAX_VALUE, c.getValue());
9          c.increment();
10         fail("ValueTooLargeException was NOT thrown as expected.");
11     }
12     catch (ValueTooLargeException e) { }
13 }
```

Hint:

# Testing **Many** Values in a **Single** Test

Loops can make it effective on generating test cases:

```
1  @Test
2  public void testIncDecFromMiddleValues() {
3      Counter c = new Counter();
4      try {
5          for(int i = Counter.MIN_VALUE; i < Counter.MAX_VALUE; i ++) {
6              int currentValue = c.getValue();
7              c.increment();
8              assertEquals(currentValue + 1, c.getValue());
9          }
10         for(int i = Counter.MAX_VALUE; i > Counter.MIN_VALUE; i --) {
11             int currentValue = c.getValue();
12             c.decrement();
13             assertEquals(currentValue - 1, c.getValue());
14         }
15     }
16     catch(ValueTooLargeException e) {
17         fail("ValueTooLargeException is thrown unexpectedly");
18     }
19     catch(ValueTooSmallException e) {
20         fail("ValueTooSmallException is thrown unexpectedly");
21     }
22 }
```

## Call by Value: **Re-Assigning** **Primitive** Parameter

```
public class Util {  
    void reassignInt(int j) {  
        j = j + 1; }  
    void reassignRef(Point q) {  
        Point np = new Point(6, 8);  
        q = np; }  
    void changeViaRef(Point q) {  
        q.moveHorizontally(3);  
        q.moveVertically(4); } }  
}
```

```
1  @Test  
2  public void testCallByVal() {  
3      Util u = new Util();  
4      int i = 10;  
5      assertTrue(i == 10);  
6      u.reassignInt(i);  
7      assertTrue(i == 10);  
8  }
```

# Call by Value: Re-Assigning Reference Parameter

```
public class Util {  
    void reassignInt(int j) {  
        j = j + 1; }  
    void reassignRef(Point q) {  
        Point np = new Point(6, 8);  
        q = np; }  
    void changeViaRef(Point q) {  
        q.moveHorizontally(3);  
        q.moveVertically(4); } }
```

```
1 @Test  
2 public void testCallByRef_1() {  
3     Util u = new Util();  
4     Point p = new Point(3, 4);  
5     Point refOfPBefore = p;  
6     u.reassignRef(p);  
7     assertTrue(p == refOfPBefore);  
8     assertTrue(p.getX() == 3);  
9     assertTrue(p.getY() == 4);  
10 }
```

```
public class Point {  
    private int x;  
    private int y;  
    public Point(int x, int y) {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
    public int getX() { return this.x; }  
    public int getY() { return this.y; }  
    public void moveVertically(int y) { this.y += y; }  
    public void moveHorizontally(int x) { this.x += x; }  
}
```

# Call by Value: **Calling Mutator** on **Reference** Parameter

```
public class Util {  
    void reassignInt(int j) {  
        j = j + 1; }  
    void reassignRef(Point q) {  
        Point np = new Point(6, 8);  
        q = np; }  
    void changeViaRef(Point q) {  
        q.moveHorizontally(3);  
        q.moveVertically(4); } }
```

```
1 @Test  
2 public void testCallByRef_2() {  
3     Util u = new Util();  
4     Point p = new Point(3, 4);  
5     Point refOfPBefore = p;  
6     u.changeViaRef(p);  
7     assertTrue(p == refOfPBefore);  
8     assertTrue(p.getX() == 6);  
9     assertTrue(p.getY() == 8);  
10 }
```

```
public class Point {  
    private int x;  
    private int y;  
    public Point(int x, int y) {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
    public int getX() { return this.x; }  
    public int getY() { return this.y; }  
    public void moveVertically(int y) { this.y += y; }  
    public void moveHorizontally(int x) { this.x += x; }  
}
```